1 John 005 2021 5/30/21

Who We Are In Christ

1 John 2:12-14

I. Introduction:

A. Writing to Christians:

- *In last week's study John told how to know that we know God.*
- There's evidence in the Christian life proving salvation.

1. – <u>We obey God.</u>

- **a.** The first evidence of knowing God is obedience to Him which doesn't mean perfect obedience to the law for no man can live perfectly, even after salvation.
- **b.** Rather Christian obedience is an obedience of faith, desiring & striving to obey God.
- **c.** By faith we trust God to empower us to obey Him.

2. — We live like Jesus.

- **a.** To be saved is entering the process of conformation to Jesus' image meaning we're learning to walk in this life as He walked when He was here.
- **b.** Jesus was perfectly surrendered to the Father's will & perfectly obedient to God's law. We desire to be more like Jesus in the power of the Holy Spirit.

3. – We love like Jesus.

- **a.** The 3rd evidence of knowing God, of salvation, is loving others like Jesus loves us.
- **b.** Jesus loves us unconditionally. Loving others unconditionally proves we know Him.
- **c.** This trait is most evident when we learn to love those who're unloving toward us.

II. Who we are in Christ (1 John 2:12-14)

A. Clarity

• John mentions 3 specific groups of people using terms fathers, young men, & children.

1. – Verse 12

- **a.** John began verse 12 the same way he began verse 1 of this chapter.
- b. He used the familiar term of endearment, "little children."
- **c.** The word for "children" is *teknion*. John's meaning here is children of God.
- **d.** He is addressing those who are saved by faith in Jesus.

2. – Verses 13 & 14

- **a.** In verses 13 &14 John addresses fathers, young men, & little children
- **b.** John's use of a different word for "children" is a clue to understanding these verses.
- c. The word for children here is Paidion which means an infant, a small child, a baby.
- **d.** Again, in verse 12 it's stated his entire audience is Christians, they are all believers.
- **e.** Therefore, in this reference regarding age, fathers, young men, & babies correspond to the Christian life.

(1) Fathers

i. Fathers are associated w/ those mature in their faith. There're Christians of every age who're mature in faith. Fathers speak to spiritual maturity in a believer's life

(2) Young men

- i. Young men are associated with their youthful strength & vigor. This strength is associated w/ overcoming wicked one in this life, living victorious Christian life.
- ii. Again, there're Christians of every physical age living victorious Christian life.
- iii. All Christians are induelt by H.S., thus have power to overcome wicked one.

(3) Babes in the faith

- **i.** The term "children," (paidion) means the little ones, the newborns.
- ii. These new Christians grow on the milk of the word & become mature.
- iii. There are newborn believers in the body of Christ of every age.
- 3. Application Spiritual traits John identified in these 3 groups apply for all Christians.

B. Foundation of who we are in Christ:

Foundation of who we're in Christ is in verse 12. (1 Jn 2:12) 2 important things in this verse:

- 1. We are forgiven.
 - **a.** To know God is first and foremost to have one's sins forgiven.
 - **b.** Before there's spiritual growth as a child, spiritual victory as a young man, or spiritual maturity as a father, there must be forgiveness of sin.
 - c. Free pardon of sin by grace through faith in Jesus is the foundation of Christian faith
 - **d.** Without the forgiveness of sin nothing else in the Christian faith matters:
 - i. Obeying God's law would be just a religious exercise of no value.
 - ii. Emulating Jesus would also be just another religious exercise of no value.
 - iii. Loving others would be just a religious good deed with no value.
 - iv. Life would be just a brief moment spent on this planet without forgiveness of sin.
 - v. The most important part of knowing God is the forgiveness of our sin.
 - **e.** <u>Application:</u> Forgiveness of sin by faith in Jesus sets Christianity apart from all the world religions. All others require a form of human effort to be acceptable to God.
 - i. <u>Judaism</u> believes keeping the law and being Jewish will do it.
 - ii. Islam believes if good deeds outweigh bad then you are in.
 - iii. <u>Hinduism</u> believes a person is saved in one of three ways, (1) the way of works, (2) the way of knowledge, or (3) the way of devotion.
 - iv. Buddhism believes in salvation through knowledge, enlightenment.
 - f. The Truth: No amount of human effort can reconcile us to God.
 - g. Man has no hope of forgiveness & eternal life in heaven apart from faith in Jesus.

2. – For His name's sake

- a. We're forgiven for His name's sake. For Jew name represented person's character.
- **b.** Jesus' character, with regard to our sin, is one of Savior & as Savior is wonderful.
 - (1) <u>Jesus is God</u>.
 - i. As God He's the only one who could provide the payment required for our sin.
 - ii. Only the perfection of God could pay for our sin.
 - (2) Jesus is love.
 - i. Love beyond human capacity moved Jesus to sacrifice Himself. (Phil. 2:5-8)
 - (3) Jesus is merciful and longsuffering.
 - i. Jesus doesn't punish us immediately, as deserved, but is patient, even if provoked
 - **ii.** When people pursue wickedness & open rebellion against His law, He waits giving time for repentance and salvation. Jesus is a merciful Lord and Savior.
 - (4) Jesus is compassionate. Jesus has empathy for us.
 - i. When we hurt Jesus cares and ministers to us. (Hebrews 4:15)
 - ii. Bottom Line: We are saved, forgiven of our sin because of Jesus.

C. Our identity in Christ:

- 1. In Jesus we're redeemed, forgiven of our sin, new creatures, adopted children of our God. In Jesus, He considers us His friends. We're more than conquerors over the evil one
- 2. In Jesus we're citizens of heaven now. In Jesus we have eternal life.